1	2	3	4
17	Meghayala	13990.73	5044.68
18	Mizoram	9334.76	8561.47
19	Nagaland	10090.21	8228.55
20	Orissa	109434.16	84245.03
21	Punjab	15982.22	11428.23
22	Rajasthan	85489.05	86946.13
23	Sikkim	5612.48	4142.66
24	Tamil Nadu	60886.14	55664.72
25	Tripura	14654.58	8251.64
26	Uttar Pradesh	173280.20	152829.16
27	Uttaranchal	26136.76	20039.64
28	West Bengal	76171.48	58308.18
29	A & N Island	103.23	225.43
30	D & N Haveli	564.55	74.68
31	Daman & Diu	0.00	0.00
32	Lakshadweep	512.09	57.67
33	Pondicherry	286.60	297.59
	TOTAL:	1358889.99	1202194.69

* Does not include Rs.6005.00 crore provided for foodgrains.

** Funds released during the year 2001-2002 and 2002-2003 under Phase-II of PMGSY is also included.

Crimes in Delhi

*318. SHRI LEKHRAJ BACHANI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) how many instances of murder, robbery, dacoities, thefts, burnings and rapes have taken place in Delhi during the last six months;

(b) what are the figures of these crimes during the corresponding period during last year; and

(c) what measures Government are taking or propose to take for curbing these offences?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. REGUPATHY):

(a) and (b) The requisite details are given below:

SL. No.	Crime Head	Period	
		June to November, 2003	June to November, 2004
1	Murder	238	227
2	Robbery	231	220
3	Dacoity	12	21
4	Theft	7659	9587
5	Burning of human being	37	45
6	Rape	249	277
	TOTAL :	8426	10377

(c) The measures taken to control crime in Delhi include:

(1) Regular analysis of crime and identification of vulnerable areas;

(2) Intensifying the beat and division patrolling as well as motorcycle patrolling;

(3) Keeping surveillance over the active and desperate criminals having a previous history of operating in that area;

(4) Verification of information received regarding activities of criminals;

(5) Deployment of pickets all over Delhi to keep a watch on movement of criminals;

(6) Regular checking of cars, scooters, motorcycles and other vehicles;

(7) Identification of Police Stations with high crime rate and deployment of extra manpower and additional motorcycle patrols for such Police Stations;

(8) Special patrolling during dark nights;

(9) Regular verification of servants and tenants;

(10) Checking of guest houses, hotels, lodges etc. on regular basis;

(11) Directing every police station to identify top criminals for proper surveillance and keeping a watch on their movements;

(12) Promoting community policing to seek peoples cooperation and involvement in detection and prevention of crime;

(13) Keeping track of the criminals released from jails;

(14) Setting up of Senior Citizen Cell for the safety and security of senior citizens;

(15) Installation of a special help line 1291 to attend the distress calls from senior citizens;

(16) Close monitoring of law and order situation on day-to-day basis by senior officers;

(17) Posting of lady police constable in PCR Vans patrolling prominent women colleges;

(18) Constitution of "Security Review Committees" in prominent women colleges;

(19) Deployment of plain-clothes police personnel at vulnerable places in the city to curb eve-teasing and molestation;

(20) Setting up of a Women Help Line with toll free No. 1091 and other Nos. 23411091 and 23317004;

(21) Constitution of a round the clock "Women Mobile Team" to attend to urgent and serious distress/emergency calls from women;

(22) Sensitization of the Force towards problem of women in day-to-day life and also about crime against women;

(23) Strengthening of Crime against Women Cell;

(24) Setting up of Rape Crisis Intervention Centres; and

(25) Constitution of three Special Session Courts with female judges.